

Large-scale Correlation Structure on Two-particle Axial Momentum Space in Au-Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ GeV

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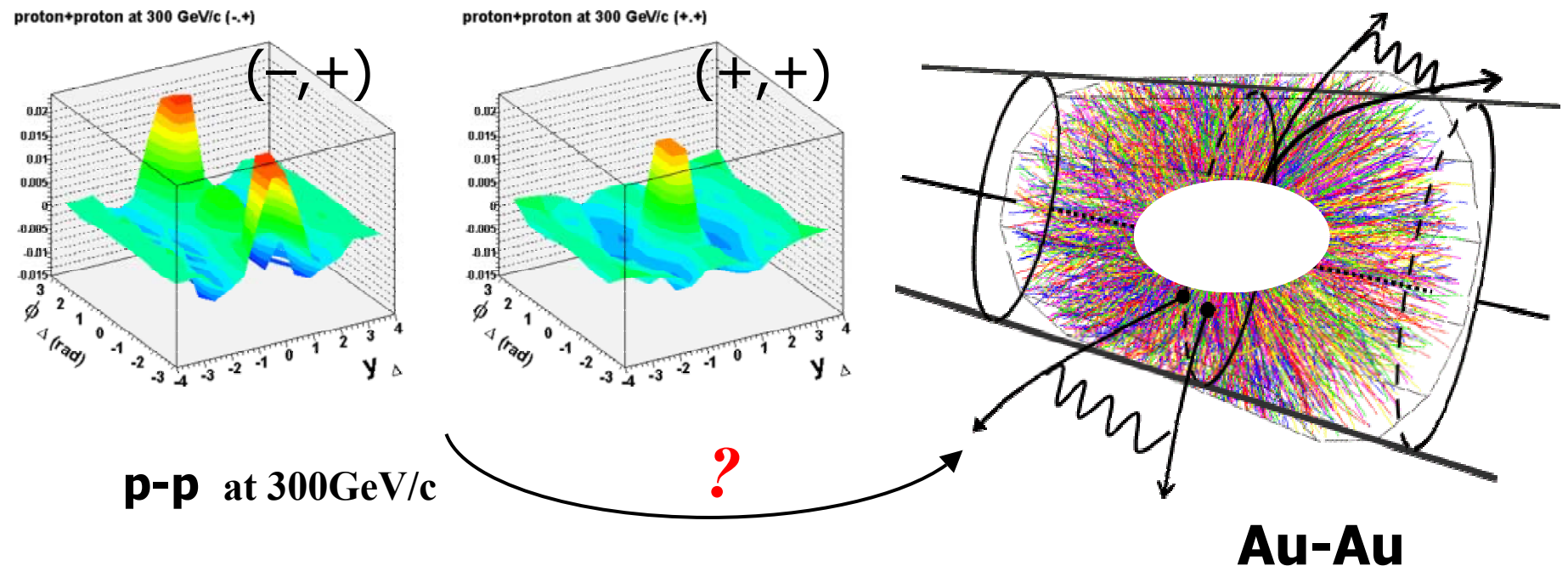
University of Texas at Austin
for the STAR collaboration



Two-particle Correlations

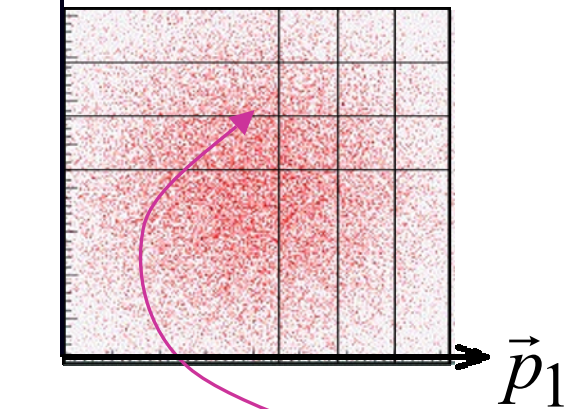
in Axial Momentum Space (η, ϕ)

How are the correlations, well studied in p-p collisions modified in Au-Au collisions?

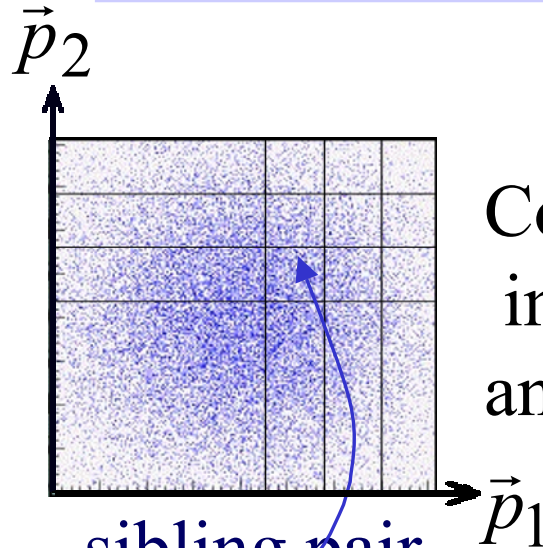


Pair Number Density Ratio

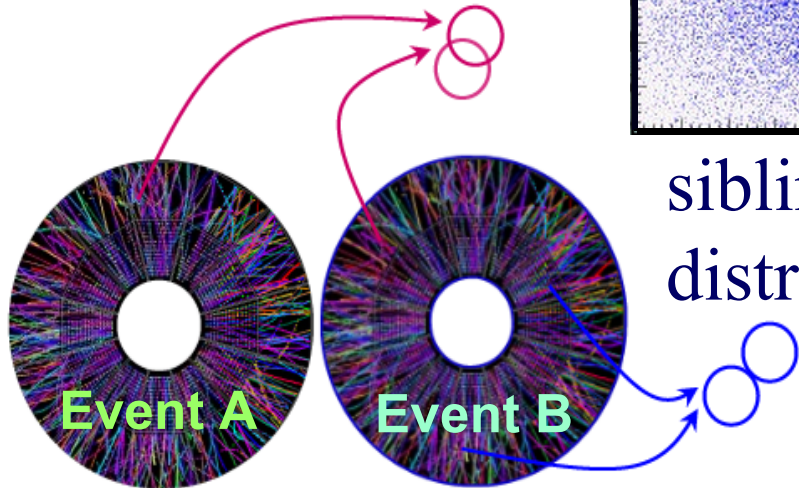
\vec{p}_2 mixed pair distribution



$$r(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2) = \frac{\rho_{sibling}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}{\rho_{mixed}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}$$



Count numbers of pairs in each bin for sibling and mixed and form ratios



Data Selection and Cuts:



Collision system: $Au + Au$ $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130 GeV$

- Central (15%) trigger (210k events after event cut)
- Minimum-bias trigger (124k events after event cut)

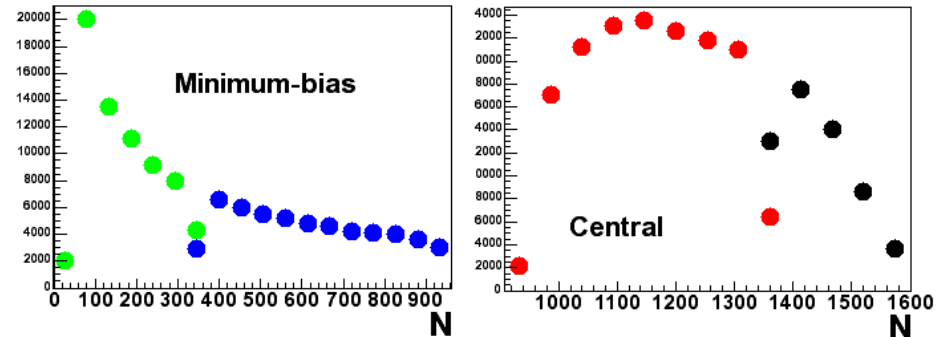
- $0.15 < p_t < 2$ GeV
- $|\eta| < 1.3$
- full 2π azimuth

Pair cuts correct for track splitting and merging, and remove most of HBT/Coulomb correlations

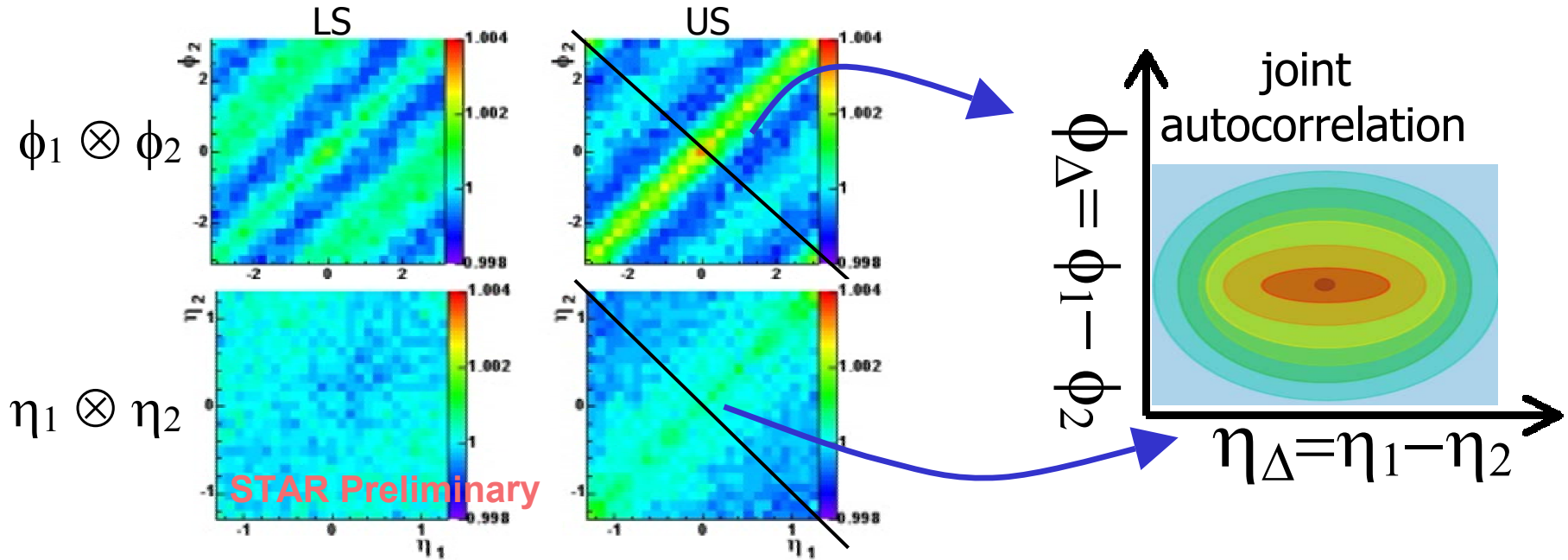
**mixed-pair
reference**

event ordering on vertex position and multiplicity

Centrality bins



Like-sign and Unlike-sign / $\eta \otimes \eta$ and $\phi \otimes \phi$ correlation



$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbf{LS} & \pm & \mathbf{US} = \\
 (+ +, - -) & & (+ -, - +) \quad \mathbf{CI} \\
 & & \mathbf{CD}
 \end{array}$$

- Little dependence on sum or pair-average η or ϕ
- Form the joint autocorrelation to study *charge-independent* (CI) and *charge-dependent* (CD) correlations

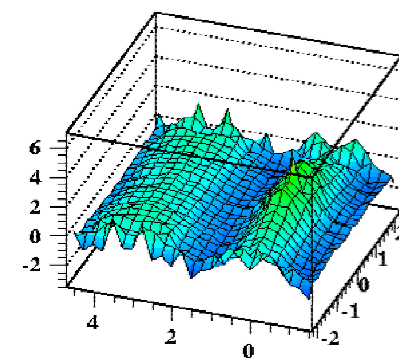
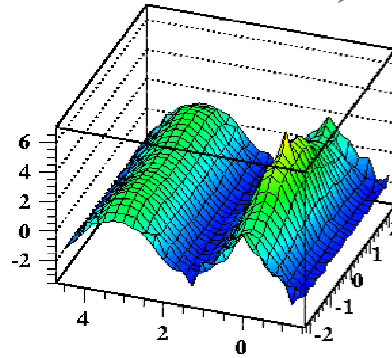
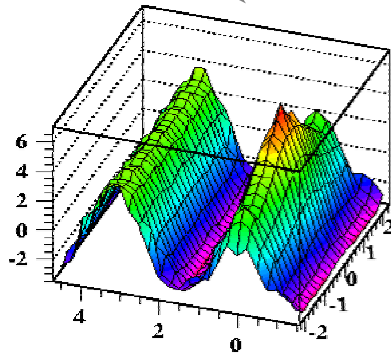
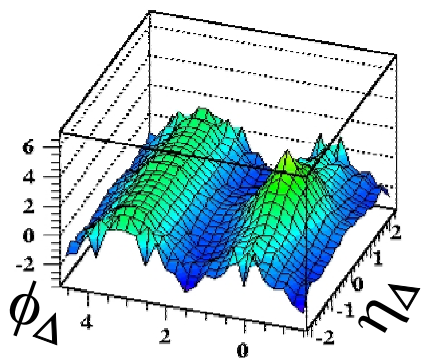
Charge-Independent Joint Autocorrelation

DATA:

$$CI = LS + US$$

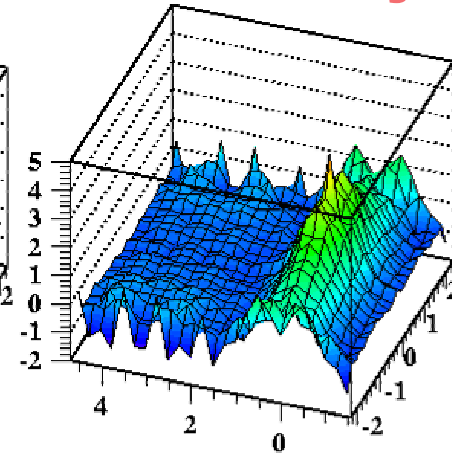
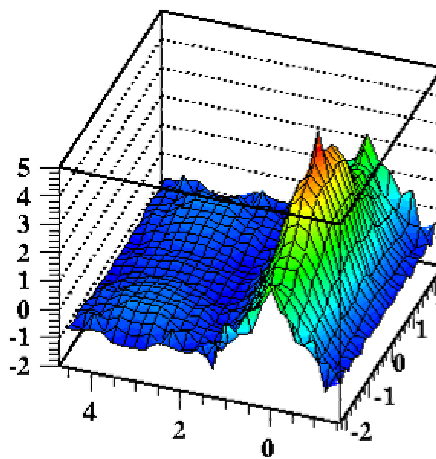
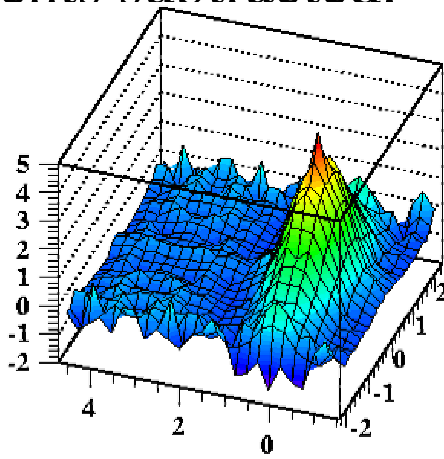
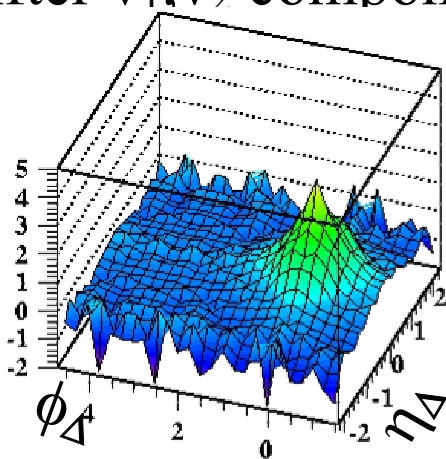
peripheral

central



After v_1, v_2 components subtracted:

STAR Preliminary



- Development of correlation structure with centrality
- Initial state scattering? ➡ See talk by T. Trainor

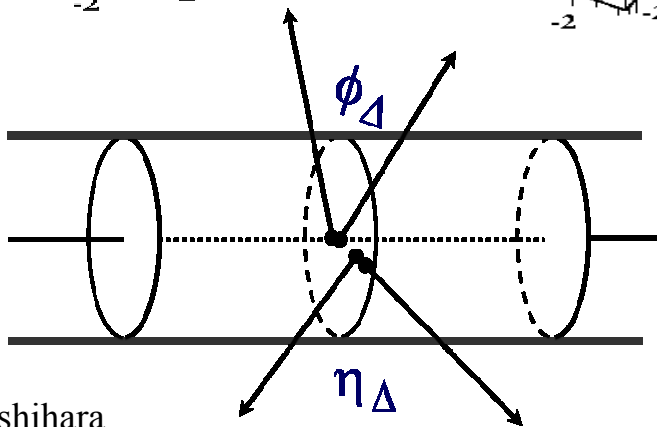
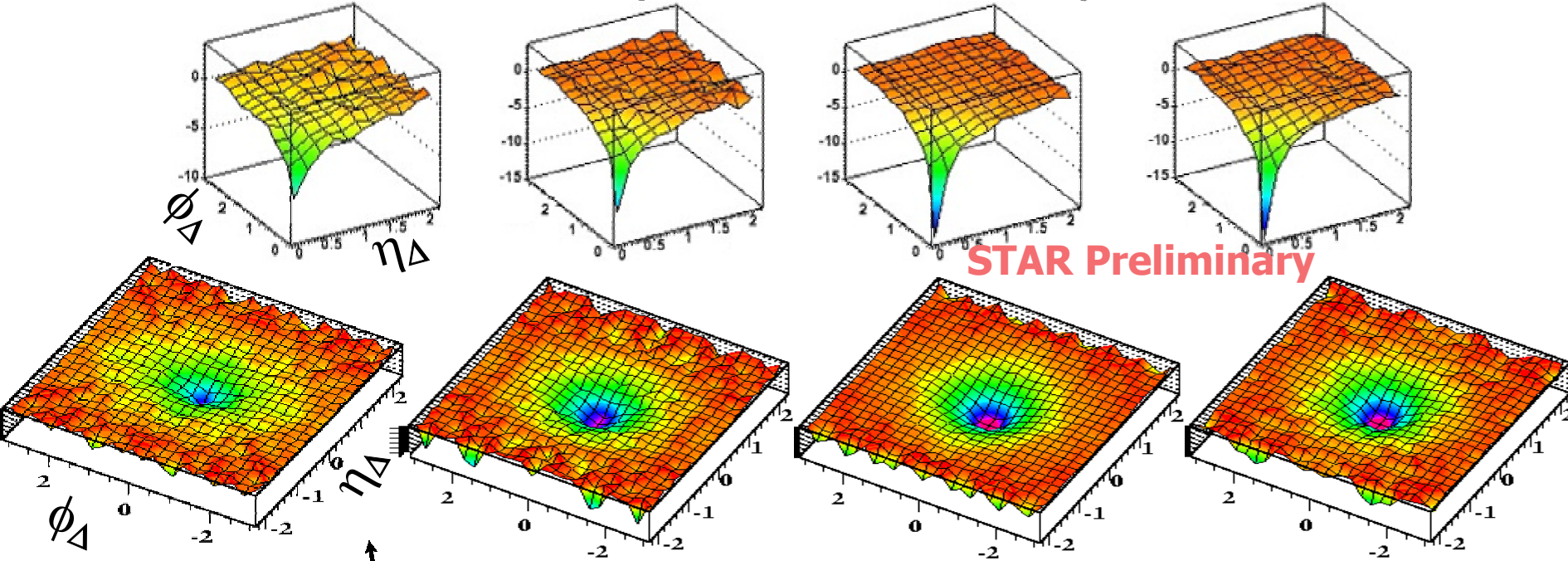
Charge-Dependent Joint Autocorrelation

DATA:

$$CD = LS - US$$

peripheral

central



Centrality development
of correlation shape and
amplitude

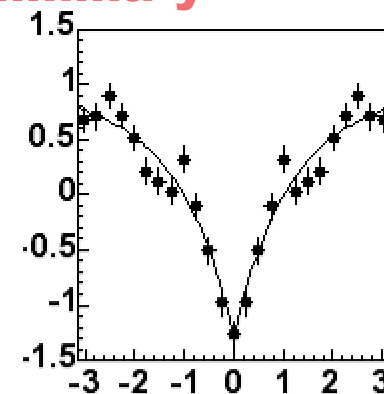
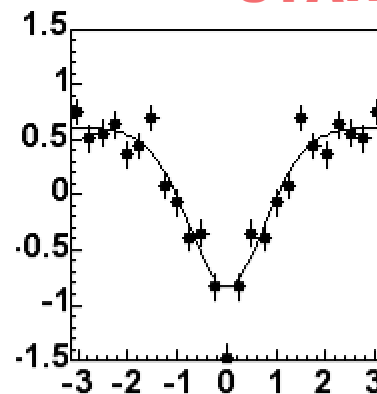
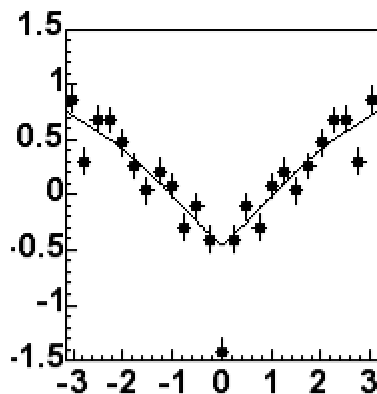
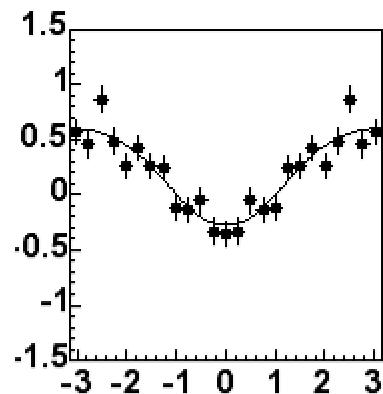
1D projections

peripheral



central

STAR Preliminary



ϕ_{Δ}

➤ **Larger change on ϕ_{Δ} :**

→ evolution from 1D color-string charge-ordering to 2D surface-ordering

➤ **Shape change and larger amplitude for the most central events :**

→ pair emission probability falls with opening angle

Summary

- Large-amplitude CI and CD two-particle number correlations are observed on axial momentum space
- CI and CD joint autocorrelations show strong centrality dependencies of correlation structure: amplitude, shape and characteristic lengths

CI

- Initial-state multiple scattering (minijets)
- Suggest modification of minijets in a dissipative medium

CD

- Hadronization geometry
- Suggest surface charge ordering and growth of an opaque medium in central collisions