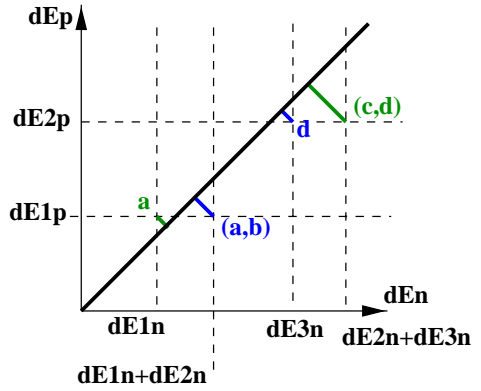
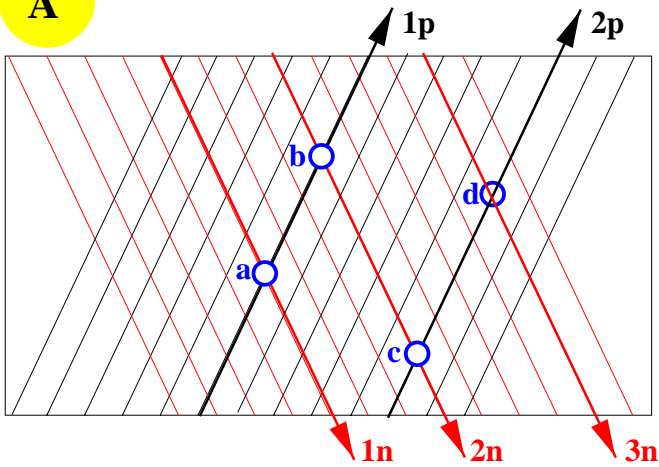


4 Cases 2 - 3

A

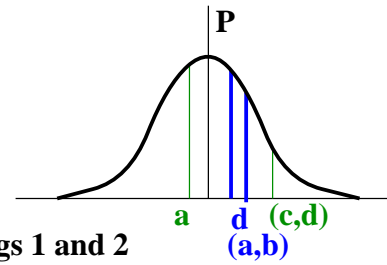


2 possible configurations:

- 1) a - b - d
- 2) a - c - d

$$p(1) = p(a,b) \cdot p(d)$$

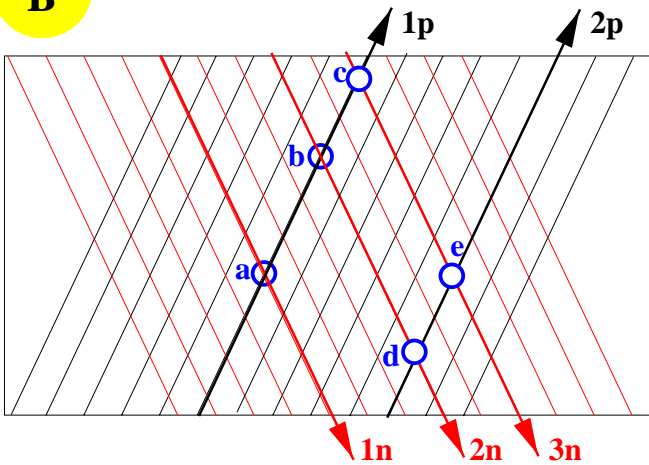
$$p(2) = p(a) \cdot p(c,d)$$



relative probabilities of configs 1 and 2
 example : P (1) = 70 % P (2) = 30 %

$$P(a) = 100 \% \quad P(d) = 100 \% \quad P(b) = 70\% \quad P(c) = 30\%$$

B



3 possible configurations:

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1) a-b-e
$dE1p, dE1n+dE2n$
$dE2p, dE3n$ | 2) a-c-d
$dE1p, dE1n+dE3n$
$dE2p, dE2n$ | 3) a-d-e
$dE1p, dE1n$
$dE2p, dE2n+dE3n$ |
|---|---|---|

↓
 relative probabilities of 1, 2 and 3
 weights of a, b, c, d, e

example : P (1) = 60 % P (2) = 30 % P (3) = 10 %

$$P(a) = 100 \% \quad P(b) = 60 \% \quad P(c) = 30 \% \quad P(d) = 40 \% \quad P(e) = 70 \%$$