

1) I was under the impression that SSD --> SST was for all the code, so if it is the case, that would be a first thing to do before changing/implementing new features

2) the SSD hit structure does not need to be reshape/change (to my point of view)

The reconstruction is done wafer by wafer, and at each step a class is used

- a) StSsdStrip --> regrouped later in StSsdStripList per wafer
- b) StSsdCluster --> regrouped later in StSsdClusterList per wafer
- c) StSsdPoint --> regrouped later in StSsdPointList per wafer
- d) StSsdPointList --> StSsdHit

These are local to the SSD code, only StSsdHit is written into StEvent

3) As Spiros mentioned, we tried the 1 side hit reconstruction. I would suggest to restart from scratch (it was an afterburner method) The idea is to allow hits with only the information of clusters on 1 side.

That means hit errors will be increased to take into account of the non-matching.

There is a useful paper where the hit covariance matrix is derived for

single and double sided silicon detectors :

V. Karimaeki, Hit covariance formalism for stereo detectors. Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A374 (1996) 367-370.

Also we may look at other cluster finder algorithm. Right now it only uses

a center of gravity method to find the central strip in a cluster (there is some methods to do cluster splitting)

For example algorithms taking into account the shape of the cluster :

R. Turchetta, Spatial resolution of silicon microstrip detectors, Nucl.

Instr. and Meth. A335 (1993)44-58

I suggest Long to read the Star Note 427

<https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/starnotes/public/sn0427>

It is quite old now but the general ideas of the reconstruction in

SSD are  
there (and as they are implementing in the code)

4) raw data to hits.

The SSDReader will have for sure to be updated. It used an old configuration based on the TPC readout (loop over RDO, loop over mezzanine, loop over aspics) and from what I understand, the new SSD RDO

are similar to the PXL RDO's.

Torsten and Luis (LBNL engineers) are this week at BNL but I guess will be

busy with testing. Anyway a discussion with them might be helpful.

5) simulation

Slow simulator fine tuning : it uses parameters from beam test of the A128

chip that equipped the SSD. (mostly for charge sharing btw strips)

Some details are here :

<https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/blog-entry/bouchet/2008/may/19/simulation-charge-sharing>

I'm not sure it needs a change but we may look at it too.

6) Calibration, pedestal

The main calibration is the gain btw strips on P and N sides. The thing

here is that differences btw electronics of P and N sides strips make the

charge correlation slightly deviated from a ratio =1 (if a particle

crosses a sensor, we may expect the same amount of charge on both sides)

We were using pulser runs to do this and a maker exists (but not in CVS).

A Gain Table also exists.

Another big piece of the calibration is the Lorentz angle. We need a

better understanding of its impact on the hit "smearing"

Pedestal : for run 7 we were saving "almost" all pedestal runs. When we

tried to insert them in DB, it collapsed the STAR Db (too many rows)

[http://www.star.bnl.gov/public/ssd/STAR\\_informatique/ssd\\_NoiseTable.html](http://www.star.bnl.gov/public/ssd/STAR_informatique/ssd_NoiseTable.html)

I changed at that time the format of the table but apparently

(from what  
Jerome said last month) it may need to be revisited

7) online plots : they exist but need to be revisited too.  
online :

[http://www.star.bnl.gov/public/ssd/STAR\\_operations/  
ssd\\_onlineQA\\_plots.html](http://www.star.bnl.gov/public/ssd/STAR_operations/ssd_onlineQA_plots.html)

offline QA :

[http://www.star.bnl.gov/public/ssd/STAR\\_informatique/  
ssd\\_offlineQA\\_plots.html](http://www.star.bnl.gov/public/ssd/STAR_informatique/ssd_offlineQA_plots.html)